

RAINES BROTHER-IN-LAW BILL

ANOTHER FEATURE OF ODELL'S CHARITIES PROGRAMME.

Central station bill has a job in it for P. A. Wheeler—He Will Purchase All the Supplies—The Appointment of a Medical Inspector is Favored.

According to an officer of the State Charities Aid Association, which is strongly opposed to the Rainsberger bill for the further centralization of the control of the State Hospitals for the insane, there is an interesting story back of the bill.

The bill which has passed the Senate provides, first, for a treasurer for the hospitals, and second, for the purchase of staple supplies by an agent to be appointed by the commission instead of by the stewards, as at present.

"The real purpose of this provision," said the official referred to, "is to legalize the position and the power to purchase of P. A. Wheeler, who since 1899 has been by appointment of the commission the purchasing steward for the Long Island and the Manhattan State Hospitals. These two hospitals, between them, consist of five institutions, with a total of about 11,000 patients and 1,800 officers and employees. Thus Mr. Wheeler, who, by the way, is a brother-in-law of State Senator John Raines, has been buying supplies for about half the State's insane.

"Now, it seems that there is no provision in the law for the position held by Mr. Wheeler or for the making of purchases by him. The law states that these duties shall be performed by the stewards of the several hospitals, and each of the five institutions for which Mr. Wheeler has been buying has its own steward.

"Some time ago one of the medical superintendents of one of these institutions refused to sign a voucher for purchases made by Mr. Wheeler on the ground that they were not authorized by the resident steward. The dispute was taken to the State Lunacy Commission, and the commission decided that the medical superintendent was right.

"It was then decided to change the law. At first the idea seemed to have been simply to legalize Mr. Wheeler's present job and operations, but the argument then seems to have been changed and altered, so that as long as he was already buying for half the State insane he might as well be appointed agent for the whole State.

The State Senator, who is now in the hospital, it was pointed out, is regarded as a slap at Dr. A. E. MacDonald, medical superintendent of the east hospital.

Last year a bill was introduced for the establishment of two medical superintendents for the east and west hospitals, which was considered to be aimed at Dr. MacDonald, was defeated at the hands of the legislature. The new bill is supposed to be another way of getting at him, and it is said it would pave the way for getting him out of the hospital.

The proposed legislation at Albany for the appointment of a medical inspector for the State Lunacy Commission at a salary of \$5,000 a year, and for the removal of the State Charities Aid Association. This is provided in the bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. McCabe and in the lower house by Assemblyman Conklin.

"There appears to be some misunderstanding about this bill," said a State Charities Aid Association official. "It is not intended that the medical inspector should assume the office of the medical member of the commission, but that he should assist the medical member in his duties, which are beyond the strength of any one man, even if he should give his entire time to the work.

"A medical inspector is needed also to undertake duties which should be performed by the commission, but which have never been satisfactorily performed owing to the lack of the needed medical assistance which this bill aims to supply. The medical inspector will be in charge of the welfare of the patients, nearly 1,000 in number, who are in the licensed private asylums who are not under the supervision of proper medical inspection. He will also endeavor to prevent the detention of the insane in asylums which have not been licensed because of the lack of the needed reasonable requirements of the law. There is reason to believe that many insane persons are now being subjected to improper treatment in the private asylums.

The legal and business members of the Lunacy Commission have each a corps of assistants, while the medical member has no medical assistant, although the supervision of the medical work of institutions for the insane is, perhaps, the most important of the commission's duties."

BY TROLLEY FROM PATCHOUGE.

Franchise Will Help South Side Traction Company to Reach This City.

PATCHOUGE, L. I., April 1.—A trolley franchise signed here to-day gives the South Side Traction Company the right to build a double track on Main street, this village, and to erect wooden or iron poles or use an underground system. There is a stipulation, however, that the local franchise does not become operative until the company builds the section of its line from Belpoint to Sayville. J. F. Hayward, representative of the company, agreed to this condition, and the papers were signed this morning. The company has plans for obtaining franchises through South Side villages to the line of Greater New York.

Mr. Hayward said this morning that it was the company's intention to build a trolley road, and that the latest type of plant and operate it from Belpoint to a point on the New York line where it would be possible to get trolley connection with the existing line running along the Long Island City. The road will be the first surface line to be built on the South Side of Long Island in Suffolk county. There have been for years an agitation for a cross-island trolley line from here to Port Jefferson on the North Side, and the indications are that the signing of the franchise this morning will give new life to the other project.

FOSTER NOT A SQUATTER.

Paid Rent for House That Was Razed by Court's Order, His Lawyer Declares.

Lawyer Henry M. Geisheid of 234 Broadway says he has been instructed to begin proceedings against Andrew K. Vandewater, who got order of ejectment against Smith Foster, from Magistrate McLaughlin in the Jamaica Civil Court over a disputed plot of land, valued at \$1,000,000, at Rockaway Point. Foster's house and a couple of others near it were burned and razed on Tuesday. Lawyer Geisheid has appeared from Magistrate McLaughlin's decision.

Mr. Vandewater says he has title for the property, having bought it from the late Col. J. Huntington, but Mr. Geisheid declares that the property is owned by the Lott estate, of which Jurien S. Lott is the agent. Mr. Geisheid says that Mr. Foster was not a squatter, as Vandewater alleges, but paid rent for the property to the Lott estate.

Provisions for Baldwin-Zeigler Expedition. The Hamburg-American steamship Graf Waldersee, which sails to-day, has 250 tons of provisions on board for the Baldwin-Zeigler Arctic expedition. The expedition is not being fitted out at Tromsø, Norway, and expects to be able to start northward in the first week of June in the re-

MAYOR'S S. I. FERRY PLAN.

Wants a Motor Ferry Company to Get the Lease—Better Service Insisted On.

Mayor Low submitted to the Sinking Fund Commission yesterday his solution of the Staten Island ferry problem. The lease owned by the existing ferry company runs out next March. The Baltimore and Ohio and the company which owns the Staten Island trolleys have been fighting to get the new ferry lease. Mayor Low suggested that it be awarded to an operating company to be formed by the two companies. This is his plan:

This lease contemplates the formation of an operating company, by both of the railroads concerned, which shall not be expected to pay dividends, but whose expense and income account shall be balanced every year. It contemplates the expenditure by the city of \$200,000, more or less, for the lease and improvement of terminals, including terminals at Stapleton and Port Richmond, and that the city shall have a 50 per cent. interest in the franchise privilege, until it is earned by the ferry.

On the other hand, it contemplates the payment to the city, by each railroad company, of 1/2 cent for each passenger. This payment to the city shall be made out of the income of running the ferry, but if, on account of the operation of the ferry one-third of the deficiency may be deducted from the city's share of the franchise privilege. It is to be borne equally by the two railroad companies. The lease also contemplates that when the ferry company earns a profit, it is likely to do long before the expiration of the lease, the profit shall be divided, first of all, to make good any of the deficiencies which have been thus incurred, and, after that, the profit shall be divided, as to 50 per cent. on account of rents, slips, and franchises.

The details of the lease proposed by the Mayor provide for these services and conditions:

A passenger ferry to St. George, freight ferry to Port Richmond. Passenger fares to be 10 cents. Freight fares to be 10 cents. Trips to be made between Whitehall street and St. George every ten minutes from 6:30 A. M. to 1 A. M. and every hour from 1 A. M. to 6 A. M.

Fifteen round trips a day between Stapleton and Port Richmond. Passenger fares to be 8 cents and for vehicles the same rates as charged to St. George.

On the other hand, the service to be replaced by the ferry company, except the Robert Garrett and the Castleton, and the other two.

All new boats to have a speed great enough to make good any of the deficiencies which have been thus incurred, and, after that, the profit shall be divided, as to 50 per cent. on account of rents, slips, and franchises.

GALLANT COP STOPS RUNAWAY.

Wells of the Bridge Squad Dragged Across Park Row and Has Uniform Ruined.

A brown horse attached to an express wagon owned and driven by James Anderson, negro of 35 Enderly place, Brooklyn, became frightened on the north roadway of the Bridge shortly after noon yesterday and dashed across Park row. Policeman Joseph R. Wells of the Bridge squad jumped for the horse and caught hold of the check line. As the horse ran out into Park row, Policeman Michael English shouted to the motorist of passing car to stop.

The driver, who was driving at a speed of 25 miles an hour, was thrown off the horse and the horse ran out into Park row. English was thrown against a Third avenue elevated pillar and rolled into the street.

Wells was dragged clear across Park row before he brought the horse to a standstill. A cheer went up from the crowd on the sidewalk, and the horse was held in the struggle and his uniform was ruined.

"I ain't hurt," he said. "I only got a few bumps on the leg and arm when I collided with the elevated railroad pillar."

CANT HAVE AGED WIFE'S MONEY.

Mrs. Barker's Sister Wins First Point in Fight for Her \$150,000.

The first round of the three-cornered fight for the \$150,000 left by Mrs. Jane Barker ended on Tuesday in favor of the plaintiff, Mrs. Antoinette P. Harrison, Mrs. Barker's sister. A jury answered in the affirmative the question, "Did Mrs. Barker leave this money to her sister?"

The other claimants are Maud and Charles Kowalski, who are the children of Mrs. Barker. Maud was a daughter of her first husband, and Charles was a son of her second husband, and her third husband, Clyde K. Barker, who married her in April, 1901, when she was 28 and he was 35. He made an ante-nuptial agreement to give him all her property, but that he has lost her agreement. He didn't get a chance to introduce any evidence.

Mrs. Barker, it developed at the trial, made her money, which was in vested in real estate, in disorderly houses in the Tenderloin.

BROUGHT HOME TO MISS BARTON.

She Saw Yesterday for the First Time How Large is the Movement to Retire Her.

The publication yesterday of the memorial signed by prominent New Yorkers who have been among the largest contributors to the Red Cross, and who now support the movement under way in Washington toward a reorganization of the society and the retirement of Miss Clara Barton from its active management, gave Miss Barton her first knowledge that the opposition to her had extended to the friends here. Her secretary made the announcement yesterday. Miss Barton herself had nothing to say. One of the signers of the memorial, John W. Foster, Jr., is now in New York in connection with the organization of the society.

CITY PAYS GEN. ROE'S RENT.

Sinking Fund Commission Thinks the State Ought To.

Mayor Low and the members of the Sinking Fund Commission are of the opinion that the State ought to pay for the maintenance in this city of the headquarters of the State National Guard. Major-General Roe has his headquarters in the Stewart Building. Hereafter the city will pay the rental of \$1,000 a year. The lease expires in May and an application was made by Gen. Roe yesterday for authority to renew the lease. The commission decided to look up the law.

\$20,000 Verdict Against New York Central.

St. Louis, Mo., April 1.—A jury in the Lincoln County Circuit Court has awarded George A. Newcomb, president of the Newcomb Bros. Wall Paper Company, \$20,000 against the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, Newcomb, on his way to the Pan-American Exposition and the G. A. R. Encampment, was misled by a porter, Newcomb's object being to visit a son in New York. Alighting hurriedly, he slipped on a greasy spot and, falling, broke his leg. The injury was severe. He sued for \$20,000 and the case was on trial in Lincoln county twelve days.

\$4,000 for a Bull Calf.

UTICA, April 1.—The highest price ever paid for a calf, \$4,000, has just been paid by Henry Stevens of Lacona, N. Y., to the Brotherton stock farm of Oriskany Falls for a nine-week-old bull calf. Its dam is Sadie Vale, the world's official champion butter cow, and its sire is Beryl Wayne, whose dam has an official record of twenty-seven pounds four ounces of butter in seven days. It is blood and actual performance officially ascertained and determined. It is far and away the most promising of the world's bull calf living to-day.

BURDEN HORSESHOE QUARREL.

I. TOWNSEND SAYS JAMES A. DOESN'T PLAY FAIR.

Suit Brought into the U. S. Court over the Royalties Paid to the Prevailing Brother on Patents. Use of Which is Alleged to Be Dead Loss to Company.

Judge Lacombe of the United States District Court has issued an order directing James A. Burden to show cause why an injunction should not issue restraining him from receiving from the Burden Iron Company of Troy about \$30,000 a year in royalties on certain patents. The order was issued upon the affidavit of I. Townsend Burden, a brother of James A. Burden, and is returnable before Judge Lacombe on Friday. The order also asks for an injunction restraining the directors of the Burden Iron Company from making any more contracts with James A. Burden for the payment of royalties on the four patents in question.

The Burden Iron Company has one of the largest plants in the world for the manufacture of horseshoes, and is said to be worth more than \$10,000,000. It was established many years ago by Henry Burden, the father of James A. and I. Townsend Burden. Then it was a partnership and was known as Henry Burden & Sons. When Henry Burden died the two sons conducted the business for a time as a partnership, and then it was decided to form a corporation. The stock was to be 2,000 shares of \$100 each. One thousand shares were assigned to James A. Burden and 1,000 to I. Townsend Burden and two to John L. Arts, who was the general manager of the company.

From the beginning Arts is said to have voted on all occasions with James A. Burden. After a time the board of directors was increased to six, and James A. Burden's three sons were chosen. I. Townsend Burden was one of the directors. He says that in the twenty-two years since the corporation was formed, no other change offered by him has been passed and no suggestion made by him has been regarded.

I. Townsend Burden alleges that the patents that James A. Burden and his sons own on machines that were the inventions of Henry Burden, and that James A. Burden merely hired some mechanics to make the machines and turn out horseshoes faster, apparently for his benefit.

Bob Cutting is his lawyer. A suit of a similar character has already been dismissed in the State court.

TEST NEW BUILDING-LINE LAW.

Mr. McMillan Will Ask for an Injunction Against Klaw and Erlanger.

Application will be made to-day to Supreme Court Justice Glenside for an injunction to restrain Klaw & Erlanger from placing ornamental pillars in front of the New Amsterdam Theatre, which they are building on West Forty-second street. The applicant is Samuel McMillan, who owns the adjacent property. He says that the pedestals for the pillars project four feet beyond the building line.

An ordinance passed allowing ornamental work on buildings to project five feet beyond the building line on side streets and four feet on main thoroughfares, provided the owner pay 10 per cent. of the cost of the work, which is now 100 per cent. The injunction application will test the legality of this ordinance.

EXTRA-LEGAL OFFICE BOY.

Justices of the Special Sessions Pay Him \$100 a Week.

The business of the Special Sessions has increased so much in the few months that the Justices decided about four months ago to make an addition to the clerical force, and asked for an appropriation of \$600 a year for another clerk. The civil service commission sent four "junior clerks," who, when they found that some of their work would consist of running errands, declined the job.

When the Justices asked for an appropriation of \$600, instead of \$500, and appointed Hugh Doyle office boy. He began his work on Jan. 1, but hasn't been paid. Last month the Justices paid him out of their own pockets, and then asked the Comptroller to certify his pay. The Comptroller said he would, but the March payroll Doyle's pay still held up. The Justices will not again until then make another attempt to cut the civil service red tape.

JAIL FOR COMMERCIAL FRAUD.

Five Years the Sentence of Insolvent Who Got Credit by Lying.

Charles Carter, formerly of the firm of Kanter & Cohen, was sentenced yesterday to five years in the State prison for grand larceny in the first degree. Carter sent out a statement to merchants in September, 1901, declaring that his firm's assets were \$20,000 over liabilities, whereas the firm was insolvent of reasonable doubt and doubtless will be released on bail while his appeal from his conviction is pending.

Joseph B. Cushman's Estate.

UTICA, April 1.—Joseph B. Cushman, who died Dec. 27, 1902, left an estate which, according to the inventory which the appraisers have just finished, is worth \$1,111,940.38. The transfer tax which will be collected from this estate will be \$100,000. The State treasury will be upward of \$60,000. It is the largest estate which has ever been handled by the Surrogate of Oneida county. The bulk of this great estate goes to Charles W. Cushman, storekeeper at Vernon, N. Y., who is a grandnephew of the deceased man, and to Miss Lovina Cushman, a school teacher in New Rochelle, who is a granddaughter. These two are the residuary legatees.

Molasses as a Horse Food.

WOODBURY, L. I., April 1.—Robert L. Burton of this place has been experimenting with molasses as a food for horses. He says he has found that he can get excellent results by using one quart of molasses with three quarts of bran and a little cut hay. His horses have shown great fondness for the mixture and have not only been fat but their coats are bright, and they are much improved generally. Mr. Burton attributes it to the molasses.

Young Bernhart's Body Found.

The body of Albert J. Bernhart, 17 years old, of 108 Brunswick street, Newark, was found yesterday afternoon under the bridge of the Desbrosses street ferry slip in Jersey City. The youth lost his life on March 4 by attempting to jump aboard the ferryboat (Cincinnati) as it was leaving the slip. He missed by a few inches and his body was forced under the bridge by the back water of the boat.

Lorillard Assessment Confirmed.

The Jersey City Board of Appeals has decided yesterday to confirm the assessment of \$1,253,300 levied on the property of the Lorillard Tobacco Company. The valuation last year was \$609,000.

MAY SELL SHIPS TO ANY POWER.

"For Use for Any Purpose," Says the Amended Charter of the Shipping Trust.

TAMMUN, N. J., April 1.—The International Mercantile Marine Company filed an amended charter here to-day, the purpose of which is said to be to enable the corporation to overcome the objection urged in Parliament that the British Government would be unable to control any of the company's fleet if needed for naval or military purposes. A clause has been inserted in the charter conferring upon the company specific power to make contracts with any Government for the sale or hire of the company's fleet.

This provision sets forth that the company shall have power "to enter into and carry out contracts of every sort and kind with any person, firm, association, company, corporation, private, public and municipal, or body politic, or with the United States Government or any State, Territory or dependency thereof, or with any foreign Government or State or any department or officer or agent thereof, including the power to sell, or hire any of its steamers or sailing vessels or other property to such Government or State or for its use for any purpose or object whatever, naval, military, or other, upon such terms or conditions and for such times as the company may see fit."

To still further increase the charter powers of the corporation the following amendment was added to the paragraph quoted above: "The objects or powers specified in this article shall, except where otherwise expressed in said article, be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to, or inference from, the terms of any other clause or paragraph herein, but shall be deemed each to be separate objects or powers, and said objects or powers shall be deemed to be in furtherance, and not in limitation, of the general powers conferred by the laws of the State of New Jersey."

The amendments were ratified at a stockholders' meeting held last May, at which 600,000 shares of preferred stock and 500,000 shares of common stock were voted by the secretary, Emerson E. Parvin, as proxy for Thomas W. Joyce, a stockholder, and the voting trustees, who are J. P. Morgan, W. J. Pirrie, J. B. Lamay, P. A. B. Widener and Charles Steele. No other changes than those mentioned were made by the amended charter.

DUN & CO. MEN FREED.

Charge of Conspiracy Against a Rival Concern Falls.

The charges against Francis L. Minton, one of the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., and Peter R. Gatens, lawyer for the concern, who were accused of conspiracy to injure the business of the International Mercantile Agency, were dismissed by Magistrate Pool in the Tombs police court yesterday.

The case was prosecuted by Assistant District Attorney Kretzel. The prisoners were arraigned by the district attorney, and they were arrested after a trap they had with an ex-employee of the International Mercantile Agency.

Magistrate Pool criticised the complaint, and called attention to the fact that it bore the signature of a police detective and not the name of "some private person," as seemed to be most interested in the case.

He also had this to say in announcing his decision: "I wish to say that I acquit the District Attorney or any of his assistants of having instituted this proceeding, as it was evidently brought by a private person, and not by a man Fowler, through the instrumentality of somebody else, whom I will not mention."

TO RESTRICT SKY SIGNS.

Art Society Would Cut Down Their Height—Supplies for Abolition.

The Art Society of this city is interesting itself to secure an amendment to the Building law restricting the height of sky signs to a maximum of five feet, which is half the present height allowed by law. The project has the cooperation of Supt. Peter M. Stewart of the Bureau of Buildings.

"I would go even further than cutting down half the present height limit of these signs," Mr. Stewart said yesterday. "I advocate their entire abolition. I believe in the beauty of a city, and I believe that sky signs cannot be done away with too soon, not only for the artistic betterment of the city's general appearance, but as a sensible means of saving space and light. There is weather most of the present sky signs are likely to become a positive danger to pedestrians, despite all the precautions that may be taken to make them safe. There are plenty of other entirely legitimate means of advertising in existence."

ROOM FOR ALL AT NEW MARKET.

Fish Peddlers Find That Business Prospects at Their New Stand.

Commissioner Woodbury completed the distribution of stalls in the fish market at the new East River bridge yesterday morning, and when it was over every fish peddler had a stand. It was the first real business day, and after the closing of the market there were few hawkers who were not sold out.

JEROME PROMOTES NOTT

To Full Assistant, With a \$5,000 Increase of Salary.

Charles C. Nott, Jr., was appointed an Assistant District Attorney yesterday by District Attorney Jerome. He was a deputy Assistant District Attorney at \$4,500 a year. His salary is now \$7,500. His wife is a cousin of the late Justice of the Supreme Court, William C. Cullen, and the Harvard law school.

Playwright Thomas Anxious for Fight.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 1.—Although Augustus Thomas, the playwright, is anxious to have the Grand Jury consider the charge of assault made against him by Editor William Cullen Bryant, he is not anxious to appear before that body, the jury adjourned without having the matter presented for consideration. He is, however, not of our Lord's Mediatorship, but of the intervention of human priests between God and man.

Dr. Rainford Did Say Yesterday at a

Lenient service in his own church in this city "too much had been made of the meditation of Jesus Christ. There must be direct relation between God and man. Every man must be conscious of God within himself."

Syracuse Overrun With Crooks.

SYRACUSE, April 1.—Syracuse is overrun with crooks from Auburn State Prison and other nearby jails, whose terms have recently expired. About fifty have been turned loose and many are operating again. Valuable jewelry and money have been taken from several families.

More Police Courts Needed, Says Cornell.

Magistrate Cornell lectured at Columbia University yesterday on "The City Magistrate's Courts." He said that although the number of courts had been increased to seven they were already greatly over-crowded.

The Rush of Immigrants.

Sixty-five thousand three hundred and seventy-six immigrants landed at Ellis Island last month; the figures for March, 1902, are 57,568.

Carvalho-Pierce.

Miss Josephine Emily Pierce and Bertram Nunes Carvalho were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis B. Pierce, 56 East 135th street. The bride wore white satin, with lace, chiffon, tulle and orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. There were a reception and supper afterward.

Graham's Policy's Will Fitted.

The will of Graham's Policy was filed yesterday in the Surrogate's office. It bequeaths all his property to his sister, Mrs. Mary Welch of 67 Second avenue. He didn't leave much, as all his property had gone to his trustees in bankruptcy.

SWEEPING CITY LIGHT BILL.

GIVES COMMISSIONER MONROE VERY GREAT POWERS.

He Can Ignore the Ordinances Regulating the Letting of Contracts and, It Seems, Ignore the Bids When He Has Once Advertised—Good Bill, He Says.

Robert Grier Monroe is going to Albany this morning to appear before the Cities Committee of the Assembly on the bill which he has fathered amending the Greater New York Charter in reference to lighting contracts and the power of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. The bill was introduced by Assemblyman Finch. A close reading of it shows that it may be construed as extending in a remarkable way the powers of the Commissioner.

First of all, the bill is so drawn that it does away with the requirement that the Commissioner shall prepare the terms and specifications under which contracts shall be made for lighting the streets, public buildings and parks of the city, in conformity with the ordinance regulating contracts, and permits him to advertise without plans or specifications.

It permits the use of illuminants other than gas and electricity.

It makes the letting of contracts for lighting by separate contracts for each of the boroughs of the city or separate districts, as may be determined by the Board of Estimate, permissive rather than mandatory as heretofore, and substitutes the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity for the Board of Estimate in determining whether contracts shall be let by separate boroughs or districts.

It permits separate contracts to be made for the illuminant or electrical energy and for the lamp posts, standpipes, service pipes, burners, lanterns, globes, tops, reflectors, lanterns and other fixtures and appurtenances or any number of parts thereof, and for the work of lighting, extinguishing, cleaning and repairing the same or any part thereof. This is all new, and should a Commissioner in the remote future be interested in any particular kind of lamp or burner it affords an opportunity for him to work it in.

It strikes out the provision that "Such bills shall be prepared and advertised for and such contracts shall be executed in the manner prescribed for herein as by said city or the departments thereof," and provides that "such contracts shall be made for the city or the departments thereof."

This language might be interpreted as meaning that the Commissioner can advertise for bids and "after" so advertising, if the proposals do not meet with his approval, he may, under the other provisions of the bill, let the contract to whomever he chooses.

Another change allows contracts to be made for a term of five years, whereas heretofore the term has been not to exceed one year.

It strikes out the provision that a contract made for a given borough or district shall be subject to the approval of the city or the departments thereof, and provides that "such contracts shall be made for the city or the departments thereof."

McCarthy arranged to write the bulletin on a blackboard himself and hired Lewis to take the news over the telephone. Betting before the fight was lively, Big Jack Martin, manager of the Engel-Hochstadt saloon acting as stakeholder.

McCarthy's first announcement was that McGovern in the first round hit Corbett four times in succession on the face and closed up one of his eyes.

"It was all over in der next round," shouted Ed-Em-Up-Jack McManus. "Terry will beat Em-Bowery wide green in a trice."

In the second round it was announced that Corbett had knocked McGovern through the ropes and was saved from a knockout by the referee.

"Von hundredollar by fifty on Corbett," shouted Jake Meesman and his bet was covered.

In the third round McCarthy wrote that McGovern had landed three straight body blows on Corbett. Then there was more betting on McGovern, and Martin had to ask the money.

Up to the eleventh round the reports furnished by Lewis favored first one fighter, then the other. It was about 2 o'clock in the morning when Lewis shouted: "You go, Stutch; here is the last round! McGovern knocks out Corbett stout! They think he killed him!"

Martin immediately commenced to pay over the Corbett money to those who had bet on McGovern, while Lewis fled.

It was not until after the crowd departed that McGovern was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital. The doctors there say that his skull is fractured and that he will die.

Mrs. Dennino, Pietro and Rosie Contrasso and Luigi Albino, who were in the house, were all taken to the Mulberry street station and held as witnesses.

McCarthy, who was in the Mulberry street station and held as witnesses, said that he saw his son Louis, who is in the United States Army or Navy—which, she was not sure—had come to her home last night and that he had been with her other son, Raphael, came in. She said that Louis asked his mother and brother for money and that they refused. Later in the evening the two left her house together.

FUSL OVER DR. RAINFORD.

Church Paper Doesn't Think He Did Deny Christ.

The Rev. Dr. William S. Rainford of St. George's Church, declined yesterday to say anything about the dispute which has arisen in Philadelphia over a sermon he preached recently in that city at St. Stephen's Church.

The Church Standard of Philadelphia will say on the subject next Saturday: "It has been widely asserted and believed that Dr. Rainford denied the Mediatorship of our Lord Jesus Christ. The statement, however, is very emphatically denied by intelligent persons who were present and who say they clearly understood Dr. Rainford to be speaking not of our Lord's Mediatorship, but of the intervention of human priests between God and man."